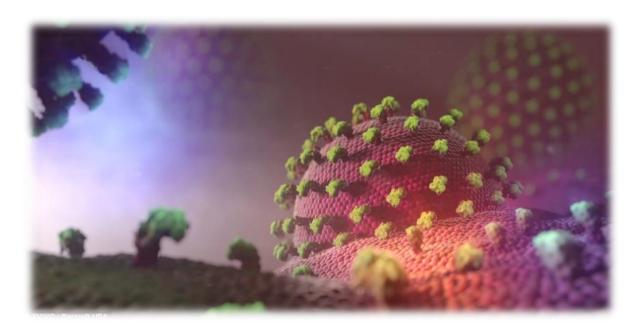
1.05. Causes of Diseases and Solution to These Problems with the help of Light/SvetL

Author: Shkrudnev F.D.

Fragments from the works of N. V. LEVASHOV (compiled by F. Shkrudnev, E. Bittner)



To present and judge the programs of SvetL created and implemented by the Outstanding Russian Scientist N. V. Levashov, defined in his works, calculations and speeches, you just need to CAREFULLY re-READ his works, independently finding answers to questions that arise. Only by referring to the original SOURCE can you understand and it should clarify everything for you. There IS no other way, and N. Levashov has repeatedly said this.

We continue the story about the "SvetL Programs" in relation to human health ISSUES.

BUT first, let's try to determine what types of diseases can be identified:

- 1) genetic diseases that a person gets through the genes of their parents.
- 2) acquired diseases that a person has received during their life.
- 3) environmental diseases that are associated with the negative impact of the external ecological environment.

4) karmic diseases, i.e. diseases introduced by the essence of the disease.

The cause of genetic diseases is simple and requires no explanation.

The most rich in diversity are acquired diseases, so let's look at them in more detail. **There are several main qualitative stages in the development of these diseases**:



- a) getting into the body of infection, and its development in the body.
- b) the protective, immune response of the body (the active phase of the disease).
- C) the release of the pathogen(s) of diseases of toxins and slags of their vital activity into the human body.
- d) changes in the organic structure of affected organs and systems.

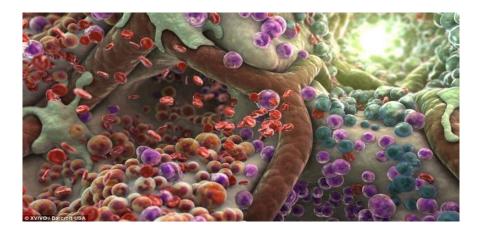
And now we will consider in detail the mechanism of development of the disease in the human body.

When the human body gets an infection - the causative agent of the disease, at first, while these "invaders" are few, **the body practically does not react to this in any way**. Because the reaction of the body requires a certain concentration of a particular poison, which is a product of the vital activity of these organisms.

Therefore, at the beginning of the development of the disease, the infection develops almost without any resistance from the human body. There is a so-called incubation phase, the first stage of the disease development.

And only when the developing pathogens of the disease, all together, release a certain dose of toxins into the human blood, which the brain can already detect, the body's defense mechanisms are activated. The human immune system tries to destroy the "aggressors". The "SvetL" Program, after its FIRST ACTIVATION, relative to the owner of the Complex, almost immediately recognizes the presence of even minor doses of toxins, since the psi field created by the Complex, in interaction with the owner's Brain, repeatedly strengthens the immune defense of a person (the owner of the "SvetL" device).

The first active protective reaction is an increase in temperature in the human body. The fact is that most pathogens do not tolerate high temperatures and die at 39...40° Celsius (102.2-104 F.). Therefore, the body, not yet knowing the "enemy in the face", inflicts a thermal shock to the aggressor... And the approach when trying to bring down the slightest increase in temperature with medications is completely erroneous. The need to suppress body temperature occurs only in the following cases:



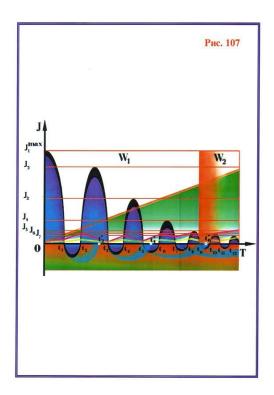
a) when the temperature increase reaches a critical value, about 42°C (107.6 F.), at which proteins begin to fold. This is especially important for blood proteins-fibrinogens. If this protein begins to clot, an insoluble compound – fibrin occurs, blood clots form, which can lead to the body's death.

b) when the human body is unable to tolerate an increase in body temperature.

In all other cases, an active temperature reaction indicates only a powerful protective reaction of this organism. While the infection is trying to recover from the thermal shock of the body, the latter, studying the enemy, begins to produce antibodies that try to destroy the "aggressors" themselves.

The SvetL Program, recognizing the infection earlier, already in interaction with the Brain, creates a powerful and brief "thermal shock", thus avoiding the above-mentioned risk factors. The body goes through this first stage in a gentler mode, getting rid of the infection. As a rule, the production of antibodies with this type of protection is no longer required. It also saves the body's vitality, and the person recovers quickly.

A protective function is also performed by phagocytes — white blood cells that, absorbing pathogens, die themselves, forming pus, a large concentration of which, in turn, also negatively affects the human body. In this situation, the "SvetL" Complex (in interaction with the Brain, and sometimes "rebuilding" the Brain in the right direction for recovery) contributes to a faster release of the body from dead cells, both pathogens and dead phagocytes, translating all body systems into a harmonious state. But what happens to an infected human body with a weakened immune system? Let's return to the description of the process of the immune system.



Human immune system

Figure 107 – The mechanism of the human immune system.

W₁ - Phase of the active immune response of the human body.

W₂ - Phase of passivity of the human immune system.

 J_1 max – Initial burst of activity of the human immune system.

J₂; J₃; J₄; J₅; J₆; J₇ – The following bursts of activity of the human immune system.

t₁; t₃; t₅; t₇; t₉; t₁₁ – Times when the immune system stops fighting the disease.

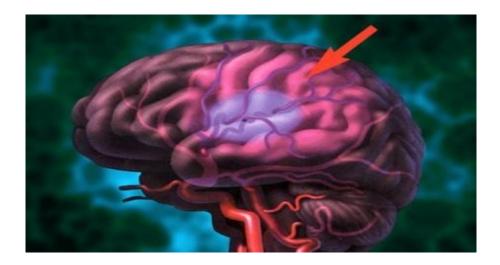
t₂; t₄; t₆; t₈; t₁₀; t₁₂ – Moments of time when the immune system re-engages in the fight.

 $\mathbf{t_{2'}}$; $\mathbf{t_{4'}}$; $\mathbf{t_{6'}}$ – The real time required for the human immune system to fully restore activity.

Pathogens adapt to new, unfavorable conditions that the body creates during the fight. The infection begins to change, mutate in order to somehow continue its development. After all, it is also a matter of life and death for her — if she is not able to adapt, she dies. For her, the human body is a necessary environment for living, life. This is how the "competition" between the body and the infection begins: who can adapt faster wins... The main goal of any infection, in terms of its development and "prosperity", is to "break" the permanent connection of a living cell with the Brain. In this case, the cell dies and becomes the object of "processing" the infection.

In most cases, the infection, which has a much simpler organization, changes faster than the protective response of the human immune system. Let's try to understand why this is happening... The fact is that, at the first moment of activation of protective mechanisms, the immune system, which has accumulated potential, creates the maximum protective surge in power.

But the immune system cannot remain in this active state indefinitely, when the body expends a huge amount of energy. The depleted immune system, after a while, shuts down to restore its potential and to rest. In the presence of the SvetL Complex, the energy reserve is inexhaustible, since the potential is generated by the complex itself from the composition of the primary matter of space, interacting and supplementing (feeding and regulating) the Brain, "forcing" it to act purposefully.

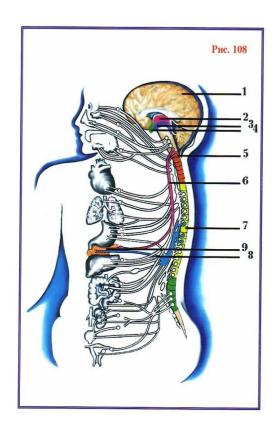


As soon as the dose of toxins released by an infection exceeds the permissible level, the human brain re-activates the body's immune system, and this often happens before it is able to restore its potential to normal. Thus, the immune system is activated earlier, at time t1, and its surge will naturally be less than the initial Jmax. And this continues until the body's immune system is exhausted, and its surge can no longer have any serious impact on the development of infection.

This ends the first, active phase of the development of the disease W1 and begins the second the phase of chronic development of the disease W2. This changes not only the nature of the body's immune response, but also many other fundamental changes in the body. In order to understand what changes are taking place, we will first analyze how the human brain coordinates and manages the functions and activity of each organ and system of the body. (For more information about the brain, see part I_04. The basis of Knowledge of the "Light" Programs or biology with pictures and a little about the Brain.)

The human brain has sections of the cortex that **coordinate** and **control the work and functioning** of each organ or system **for the benefit of the entire body as a whole**. In this case, each zone of the cortex generates its own nerve signals for this control.

Autonomic nervous system



<u>Figure 108</u> - the autonomic nervous system. System of management and control of functions of the organs of the human body.

- 1. The area of the cerebral cortex that controls the functions of the pancreas.
- 2. The area of the hypothalamus.
- 3. Reticular formation.
- 4. The pituitary gland.
- 5. Parasympathetic center of the spinal cord.
- 6. Parasympathetic nerve.
- 7. Sympathetic center of the spinal cord.
- 8. Sympathetic nerve.
- 9. Pancreas.



Through the processes of neurons in this zone – axons – signals enter the reticular formation of the brain, in the so-called primitive brain and, through it, are transmitted to the corresponding zone of the spinal cord and further, to the sympathetic nerve node of the vegetative nervous system of the body. Along the sympathetic nerve, the control signal reaches an organ, for example, the pancreas, and causes the necessary activation of its functions.

When the organ works, the nerve receptors of the parasympathetic system are excited, and the resulting signals pass through the parasympathetic nerves and excite the corresponding areas of the spinal cord. Spinal nerves send signals to the reticular formation, where these signals are compared with reference signals corresponding to the normal operation of the organ.

If everything is in order, the brain continues to work in the same mode. But if the signal, for one reason or another is greater or less than the reference, the nerve signal, with the amplitude of the difference between the reference and the incoming signal, enters the corresponding area of the cerebral cortex. At the same time, there is a change in both the structure and the amplitude of the control signals. And this will happen until the Brain returns the system to its optimal state.

If a change in the work of an organ has caused the pathogen to affect it, then the immune defense reaction is activated.

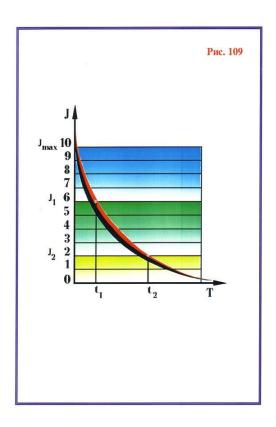


Figure 109 - Levels of activity of the human immune system.

Jmax – The level of the immune system of a healthy person.

 J_1 – The level of the immune system when a person may acquire AIDS.

 J_2 – The level of the immune system when the active phase of the disease begins.

 t_1 – The beginning of the incubation period.

 t_2 – The end of the incubation period.

When the activity of the immune system is not able to significantly affect the development of infection and if this pathology does not lead to very rapid death of the body as a whole, the following changes occur in the mechanism described above:

a) The brain takes this state of functioning of an organ of the body as a new norm, and all systems of the body are being rebuilt so as to keep this new norm in a stable state, the main thing is that it does not get worse.

b) From this point on, the body does not respond to this, it is not quite optimal for it, the state of the organ. And only when the infection tries to seize a new "foothold", everything turns on again and everything repeats. The disease goes into a chronic phase with periods of activation...

And now, about medications.

The principle of action of almost all drugs, without exception, is based on the fact that these poisons have a depressing effect on any living organism, both on the pathogen and on the human body itself.

It is assumed that such poisons, quickly killing the pathogens of the disease, will only slightly damage the body, which, moreover, will be able to return to normal very quickly. But, unfortunately, the infection, in order to survive, very quickly adapts to these poisons and does not react to them in any way.

What is done in this situation?!

And in such a situation, they simply begin to increase the strength of the poison and its concentration. And, as soon as the concentration of medicinal poisons becomes more than acceptable, the body is no longer able to neutralize their effect on its organs and systems, drug poisoning and destruction of the body will begin.

At the same time, as can be seen from the principle of action of drugs, they in no way affect the mechanisms of brain control of organs and systems of the body.

For most of the currently known drugs, the concentration that has a destructive effect on the causative agent of the disease also has a destructive effect on the human body itself.

It is difficult to say which of these two evils is the lesser...

The "SvetL" complex also solves this problem, since at the first stage of the disease it begins to resist the development of infection by using the additional potential described above. The use of drugs is gradually reduced to a minimum, and then completely excluded as unnecessary. The body is no longer exposed to excessive destructive effects of chemicals and gradually comes out of a chronic state of pathology in a healthier and more stable. Cleavage and removal of toxins and slags are activated; cells are regenerated by the essence matrix. The functions of systems and organs begin to obey the commands of the Brain again in higher octaves. This is possible only when the diseased (modified) cells are destroyed and new, healthy (unchanged) cells are created in their place, because only healthy cells are able to function correctly.

Therefore, the era of drug treatment in medicine has come to its logical conclusion. And we must pay tribute to the fact that so many diseases, their pathogens, have left human organisms forever...